# Anomalous Time Crystals

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Floquet unitary (one period)

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Decomposition of Floquet cycle: Floquet Hamiltonian (MBL)  $U_F = e^{-iH_FT}X$ Floquet period  $Z_N$  symmetry action ( $X^N = 1, [X, H_F] = 0$ )

Decomposition of Floquet cycle: Floquet Hamiltonian (MBL)

Floquet unitary (one period)

 $U_{F} = e^{-iH_{F}T}X$   $X_{N} = e^{-iH_{F}T}X$   $X_{N} = 1, [X, H_{F}] = 0$ 

Example: 1D Ising model: [Khemani2016, Else2016]

$$H_F = \sum_i J_i \sigma_i^z \sigma_{i+1}^z + \cdots, \quad X = \prod_i \sigma_i^x$$

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local integrals of motion

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Integer chiral Floquet phase: [Rudner2013, Po2016] (not a time crystal)

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Without boundary:

$$X = 1, \mathbf{m}, \mathbf{e}, \mathbf{f}$$

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= 1

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d=2 here



 $\mathcal{U}: G \to \mathrm{QCA}_d$ 

Quantum cellular automata (locality-preserving unitaries)

In OBC the homomorphism fails



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Quantum cellular automata (locality-preserving unitaries)

In OBC the homomorphism fails characterized by

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which gives the group cohomology

$$H^2[G, \pi_0(\operatorname{QCA}_{d-1})]$$



## Conclusions

- Anomalous time crystals fail to be time crystals (of the same N) on OBC.
- The *radical chiral Floquet phase* is an example.
- They are classified by the anomaly of the  $\mathbb{Z}_N$ -rep X characterized by the group cohomology  $H^2[\mathbb{Z}_N, \pi_0(\text{QCA}_{d-1})]$



